You will hear 5 extracts from different radio programmes. One of them is the example. Complete the boxes below by matching the speakers’ opinions with the extracts they correspond to. There are two opinions for each extract and two opinions you will not need to use. The first extract (0) is an example.

HE / SHE...

A. claims that even though there is no actual product, it is not cheaper to produce.
B. didn’t like the comments somebody had made on a previous programme.
C. expresses astonishment at some contradictory information which has just become public.
D. expresses upset and horror that an accused criminal may legally access jury members’ personal information.
E. feels everybody should have a greater sense of their social obligations.
F. has no intention of reconsidering a personal opinion on the matter.
G. justifies her participation on the grounds of moral obligation.
H. points out that the show was the first ever of that kind.
I. says all books should be more expensive.
J. understands the problems currently facing the industry.
K. wonders why the event roused such public interest.
L. wonders if the perfect diet really exists.

From various radio programmes (ABC; BBC; NPR; RTÉ)
PART TWO (7 X 1 = 7 marks)

You will hear part of a radio programme about eating habits. For sentences 1–7 choose the best option (a, b or c) according to what you hear. Write your choice of answer in the box below. (0) is an example.

The Insatiable American Appetite

0. David Kester, the show’s guest, claims that the food industry is the cause of
   \( \text{a. hijackings.} \)
   \( \text{b. obesity problems.} \)
   \( \text{c. smoking.} \)

1. What impressed him most about the woman in the chat show was her
   \( \text{a. eating habits.} \)
   \( \text{b. intelligence.} \)
   \( \text{c. passion for food.} \)

2. His study concluded that obesity is the result of
   \( \text{a. a metabolic disorder.} \)
   \( \text{b. an energy imbalance.} \)
   \( \text{c. human nature.} \)

3. Kester uses the interviewer’s favourite chocolate bar to illustrate the power of ____________ on his brain.
   \( \text{a. former memories} \)
   \( \text{b. many colours} \)
   \( \text{c. snacks} \)

4. According to Kester, the combination of sugar and fat in food causes increased
   \( \text{a. energy.} \)
   \( \text{b. nourishment.} \)
   \( \text{c. stimulation of the brain.} \)
5. Not only is food readily available all day, but the concept of __________ has also changed too.
   a. eating out
   b. mealtimes
   c. pre-cooked food

6. According to a pharmacological study, brain dopamine causes people to
   a. eat more and more.
   b. feel increased pleasure.
   c. focus on a stimulus.

7. When asked about what changes we should make, Kester points out that we must learn to change our
   a. attitude to food.
   b. rules for mealtimes.
   c. shopping habits.

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Adapted from www.rte.ie